

1-888-352-3414 www.thermoflex.ca

EXPANSION JOINTS



Expansion joints are designed to relieve stress in piping and ducting systems by absorbing dimensional changes on the axial plane caused by thermal expansion and vibration.

Due to the numerous applications and specification options, we've developed this checklist of information required to proceed with your request.

APPLICATION: Identify what will flow through the expansion joint(s): (check one)

Water Oil Gas Other (specify):

Is this for an existing or new installation? (check one)

Is there an overall length restriction? Yes No

If yes, specify: inches or mm

*Overall length restriction may limit capacity to achieve desired axial compression/expansion.

Should the length be designed in function of the desired movement(s)? Yes No

SPECIFY SYSTEM PRESSURE:

Design pressure: PSI Operating pressure: PSI

SPECIFY SYSTEM TEMPERATURE:

Design temperature: °F or °C Operating temperature: °F or °C

ISO 9001:2015 Certified G-1

EXPANSION JOINTS

END CONNECTIONS:

Flange(s): ANSI B16.5 Metric Made-to-measure (attach drawing)

Other (specify)

Material: Carbon steel 304SS 316SS

Other (specify)

Pressure capacity: #150 #300 Other (specify)
Other: Fixed flange(s) Floating(s) Other (specify)

SPECIFY MOVEMENTS:

Axial expansion:inchesormmAxial compression:inchesormmLateral* Offset:inchesormm

SPECIFY FLOW RATE:

Flow Rate of application: FPS (ft. per sec.)

Depending on the flow rate (Cv), internal corrugations can generate resistance reducing the expansion joint's capacity for movement. In high flow applications, a liner may be required.

Thermoflex bellows elements are sourced from suppliers who manufacture in Canada and the U.S.

Thermoflex expansion joints are made-to-measure, assembled and welded at our facility in Canada and each unit is pressure tested prior to delivery.

Flanged Thermoflex expansion joints are supplied with steel support rods to keep flange faces parallel; these support rods are to be removed after installation.

All expansion joints must be properly anchored and guided upon installation by a third party.



^{*}If not specified it is assumed that capacity for lateral offset is a secondary derivation of the design.